

Dental Policy

Subject: Abutment Crowns and Fixed Partial Dentures

Guideline #: 06 -701E Publish Date: 05/01/2019
Status: Revised Last Review Date: 04/22/2019

Description

This document addresses the procedure: fixed partial dentures (bridges), full or partial crown restoration of abutment teeth and replacement of teeth (pontics). The procedure restores function by the replacement of missing teeth in a dental arch. The abutment teeth supporting a fixed partial denture function as the proximal extensions that should exhibit periodontal and endodontic health and be aligned to direct forces of occlusion along the long axis of the teeth.

The plan performs review of fixed partial dentures due to contractual requirements that necessitate benefits for dental services that meet specific contract requirements. For example, plan contract(s) may require the provision of benefits for services that meet generally accepted standards of dental care at the lowest cost that properly addresses the patient's condition. The conclusion that a particular service is medically or dentally necessary does not constitute an indication or warranty that the service requested is a covered benefit payable by the dental plan.

Documentation

Must include recent, dated, properly identified pretreatment diagnostic radiographic image/s that include the radiographic apex. Clinical chart notes, intra-oral photographs, current dated 6-point periodontal charting, and history of periodontal therapy may also be required (see below).

Adjunctive Documentation

When the evaluation for fixed partial denture coverage, either initial or replacement, is not obvious by radiographic image, the image must be accompanied by additional diagnostic information such as intra-oral photographs of the affected tooth/teeth as well as clinical chart notes stating the rationale for indirect restoration coverage.

Criteria

- 1. An anterior abutment tooth, to be considered on its own merit, must demonstrate significant loss of the coronal tooth structure (50% or more) and/or involvement of one or both incisal angles.
- 2. A posterior abutment tooth, to be considered on its own merit, must demonstrate significant missing tooth structure, large restorations that compromise function or loss of support for the cusps where the cusps are undermined (one or more cusps) with compromised mesial or distal marginal ridges.
- 3. As most health plans include coverage for dental services related to accidental injury, claims for fractured teeth resulting from an external blow or blunt trauma must first be referred to the subscriber/employee's medical/health plan. If a tooth is treated for fracture, the fracture must involve missing tooth structure that extends into the dentinal layer.
- 4. The periodontal health of teeth to be restored by indirect restoration placement is key to long term prognosis. Teeth demonstrating uncontrolled or untreated periodontal disease, evidenced by radiographic or periodontal charting, loss of supporting bone including furcation, may not be considered for indirect restoration placement unless the treating dentist can demonstrate that definitive periodontal therapy and periodontal maintenance have been performed. The current periodontal status and history of periodontal therapy, presence of tooth mobility, prognosis and continuous maintenance therapy may be requested prior to benefit determination. Current dated 6 point periodontal chart as described by the ADA and AAP may also be required.

- 5. Abutment crowns/fixed partial dentures placed for repair of complications from wear, attrition, abrasion, erosion or abfraction are not a covered benefit according to most group contracts.
- 6. The delivery date of an indirect restoration is considered the date of initial cementation, regardless of the type of cement used for placement. The type of cement used, e.g. permanent or temporary, is not a determinate for the delivery date. Regarding payment of benefits, the date of service may be contract dependent.
- 7. The endodontic status of a tooth must be considered (included but not limited to):
 - a. Placement of an indirect restoration on a tooth with untreated or unresolved periapical or periradicular pathology will not be considered for benefit. See Dental Policy 03-001 Endodontic Therapy.
 - b. Placement of an indirect restoration on a tooth with an unresolved carious lesion in close proximity to the pulp chamber in the absence of treatment planned endodontic therapy. See Dental Policy 03-001 Endodontic Therapy.
 - c. Endodontic Obturation: The root canal filling should extend as close as possible to the apical constriction of each canal (ideal 0.5-1.2mm) with appropriate fill density. Gross overextension (over 2mm beyond canal) or under fill (short over 2mm in the presence of patent canals) should be avoided. See Dental Policy 03-001 Endodontic Therapy.
 - d. Placement of an indirect restoration on a tooth with internal or external resorption may not be considered for benefit. See Dental Policy 03-001 Endodontic Therapy.
- 8. Replacement of abutment crowns/fixed partial dentures due to "metal allergy/sensitivity" will be considered only upon submission of documentation by a physician with the associated allergy report.
- 9. A temporary or provisional abutment crown/fixed partial denture will be considered a component part of the final restoration.
- 10. For a primary tooth within an adult dentition to be considered for full coverage indirect abutment restoration placement, radiographic images of the primary tooth must demonstrate an intact root structure, adequate periodontal support with no evidence of active periodontal disease, and occlusal function with an opposing tooth where the primary tooth meets criteria for full coverage indirect abutment restoration coverage (see #4). Radiographic imaging must demonstrate no permanent tooth successor present or the permanent tooth successor is unlikely to erupt.
- 11. Fixed partial dentures placed for occlusal alterations and/or changes in vertical dimension or for the treatment of TMD or craniomandibular disorders do not meet criteria for benefits and will not be considered.
- 12. For the replacement of missing teeth that are not covered by the plan, the abutment teeth will be reviewed on their own merit using all the above criteria. Note: contracts may include a missing tooth clause or require the plan to apply alternate benefits.
- 13. With plans that contain a missing tooth clause where replacement of the tooth/teeth is not covered when extracted and has not been replaced prior to insurance coverage, if the missing teeth to be replaced were removed and not replaced prior to insurance coverage, there is no benefit for the replacement of the missing teeth when a fixed partial denture (fixed bridge) is treatment planned. Abutment teeth are reviewed based on their own merit.
- 14. When a fixed partial denture is treatment planned to replace teeth missing with plans that do not have a missing tooth clause, a determination will be made related to the necessity of the fixed partial denture or if an alternate benefit can be applied which is group contract dependent. In plans with alternate benefit provisions, an alternate benefit to a removable partial denture may be determined to replace all missing teeth where abutment teeth are determined if single crown replacement is merited. In the case of an alternate benefit application, the abutment teeth are reviewed based on their own merit.
- 15. With plans that cover the replacement of missing teeth by dental implants, the surgical placement of the dental implant and some associated services will be covered services (e.g. bone grafting, guided tissue regeneration, abutment placement). However, the replacement of the missing teeth by crowns over the dental implant/s may be subject to the alternate benefit provision of a group contract.
- 16. Deleted.
- 17. Deleted
- 18. Splinting of teeth by abutment crowns is routinely not a covered benefit unless group contract indicates coverage. When splinting of abutment crowns is requested, each additional crown abutment will be reviewed on its own merit for benefit. Splinted crowns must be coded as retainer crowns.
- 19. The number of pontics necessary to replace missing teeth is not to exceed the normal complement of teeth and fixed partial dentures for closing spaces where there is no missing natural tooth are not benefitted.
- 20. When there is insufficient space for a pontic, the pontic will not be benefitted.
- 21. Fixed partial dentures supported by inlay abutment restorations are not a covered benefit.
- 22. Cantilever fixed partial dentures: Anterior cantilever fixed partial dentures where cuspids are the abutment and replacing lateral incisors may be benefited. For posterior cantilever fixed partial dentures only one cantilever

- pontic may be an allowable benefit and two abutments are necessary to support a single pontic. Both posterior abutments must meet requirements for a stand-alone crown to eliminate splinting restriction.
- 23. Tooth-implant supported fixed partial dentures will not be considered for benefits based on meta-analysis and studies that have found this type of combination prosthesis to have a survival rate lower than those reported for solely implant supported or solely tooth supported fixed partial dentures.
- 24. If one abutment for a fixed partial denture is denied, then the entire fixed partial denture may be denied.
- 25. Fixed partial dentures are not covered when placed for correction of developmental or congenital defects (congenitally missing teeth, or unerupted teeth, or for spacing due to migration/drifting of teeth) unless covered by group contract.
- 26. Age limitation for fixed partial dentures is group contract dependent.
- 27. Benefits are not available for the replacement of an existing fixed partial denture unless supported by recurrent caries, fracture, or defective restoration.
- 29. A fixed partial denture is not benefited where a removable partial denture is in the same arch.
- 30. Benefits will not be considered for closure of contacts unless caused by caries, tooth fracture, or defective restoration.
- 31. Benefits for fixed partial dentures will not be considered when subgingival/subosseous caries may potentially compromise periodontal health and restorative prognosis of abutments.
- 32. Existing fixed partial dentures that are discolored, misshapen or have compromised cosmetics do not qualify for indirect restoration coverage.
- 33. Crown to root ratios that are poorer than 1:1 creates a less than ideal situation. Unfavorable crown to root ratios must include an assessment of the patient's full mouth dental condition, medical history, dental history, periodontal history, periodontal continuing care, long term prognosis, age, and occlusion.
- 34. When three or more teeth are missing in the arch, an alternate benefit of a removable partial denture may be contract dependent. Abutment teeth are reviewed based on their own merit.

History

Revision History	Version	Date	Nature of Change	SME
	Revision	3-4-19	External facing policy	committee
	Revision	4/22/19	Criteria numbering	kahn

.